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2	of the State of California GAIL M. HEPPELL, Supervising	
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4	Deputy Attorney General California Department of Justice	
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9	DEEODE 3	PHE
10	BEFORE THE PHYSICAL THERAPY BOARD OF CALIFORNIA	
11	DEPARTMENT OF CON STATE OF CAL	
12	In the Matter of the Acquestion Against	Case No. 1D 2000 62582
13	In the Matter of the Accusation Against:	FIRST AMENDED
14	MARY L. TRESLER, A.T. 1452 Love Way	A C C U S A T I O N
15	Auburn, California Physical Thomas Aggistant No. AT 2054	
16	Physical Therapy Assistant No. AT 2054	
17	Respondent.	
18		
19	Complainant alleges:	
20	PARTIE	<u>S</u>
21	1. Steven K. Hartzell ("Complai	nant") brings this Accusation solely in his
22	official capacity as the Executive Officer of the Phys	sical Therapy Board of California,
23	Department of Consumer Affairs.	
24	2. On or about August 3, 1989, t	he Physical Therapy Board of California
25	issued Physical Therapy Assistant license number A	T 2054 to Mary L. Tresler ("Respondent").
26	The Physical Therapy Assistant license was in full for	orce and effect at all times relevant to the
27	charges brought herein and will expire on April 30, 2	2005, unless renewed.
28	///	

1 **JURISDICTION** 2 3. This Accusation is brought before the Physical Therapy Board of 3 California ("Board"), Department of Consumer Affairs, under the authority of the following 4 laws. All section references are to the Business and Professions Code unless otherwise indicated. 5 4. Section 2609 of the Code states: The board shall issue, suspend, and revoke licenses and 6 approvals to practice physical therapy as provided in this chapter. 7 5. Section 2660 of the Code provides, in part: 8 The board may, after the conduct of appropriate 9 proceedings under the Administrative Procedure Act, suspend for not more than 12 months, or revoke, or impose probationary conditions upon, or issue subject to terms and conditions any 10 license, certificate, or approval issued under this chapter for any of 11 the following causes: Gross negligence in his or her practice as a physical 12 therapist or physical therapy assistant. 13 Conviction of a violation of any of the provisions of (i) this chapter or of the State Medical Practice Act, or violating, or 14 attempting to violate, directly or indirectly, or assisting in or abetting the violating of, or conspiring to violate any provision or 15 term of this chapter or of the State Medical Practice Act. 16 The aiding or abetting of any person to violate this chapter or any regulations duly adopted under this chapter. 17 The aiding or abetting of any person to engage in 18 the unlawful practice of physical therapy. 19 The commission of any fraudulent, dishonest, or (1)corrupt act which is substantially related to the qualifications, 20 functions, or duties of a physical therapist. 21 6. Section 2234 of the Code states: 22 23 The Division of Medical Quality shall take action against any licensee who is charged with unprofessional conduct. In addition to other provisions of this article, unprofessional conduct 24 includes, but is not limited to, the following: 25 Violating or attempting to violate, directly or (a) indirectly, assisting in or abetting the violation of, or conspiring to 26 violate any provision of this chapter [Chapter 5, the Medical 27 Practice Act]. 28 Gross negligence.

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- (c) Repeated negligent acts. To be repeated, there must be two or more negligent acts or omissions. An initial negligent act or omission followed by a separate and distinct departure from the applicable standard of care shall constitute repeated negligent acts.
- (1) An initial negligent diagnosis followed by an act or omission medically appropriate for that negligent diagnosis of the patient shall constitute a single negligent act.
- (2) When the standard of care requires a change in the diagnosis, act, or omission that constitutes the negligent act described in paragraph (1), including, but not limited to, a reevaluation of the diagnosis or a change in treatment, and the licensee's conduct departs from the applicable standard of care, each departure constitutes a separate and distinct breach of the standard of care.
 - (d) Incompetence.
- (e) The commission of any act involving dishonesty or corruption which is substantially related to the qualifications, functions, or duties of a physician and surgeon.
- (f) Any action or conduct which would have warranted the denial of a certificate.

7. Section 2620.7 of the Code states:

A physical therapist shall document his or her evaluation, goals, treatment plan, and summary of treatment in the patient record. Patient records shall be maintained for a period of no less than seven years following the discharge of the patient, except that the records of unemancipated minors shall be maintained at least one year after the minor has reached the age of 18 years, and not in any case less than seven years.

8. Section 2661.5 of the Code states:

- (a) In any order issued in resolution of a disciplinary proceeding before the board, the board may request the administrative law judge to direct any licensee found guilty of unprofessional conduct to pay to the board a sum not to exceed the actual and reasonable costs of the investigation and prosecution of the case.
- (b) The costs to be assessed shall be fixed by the administrative law judge and shall not in any event be increased by the board. When the board does not adopt a proposed decision and remands the case to an administrative law judge, the administrative law judge shall not increase the amount of the assessed costs specified in the proposed decision.
- (c) When the payment directed in an order for payment of costs is not made by the licensee, the board may enforce the

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order of payment by bringing an action in any appropriate court. This right of enforcement shall be in addition to any other rights the board may have as to any licensee directed to pay costs.

- (d) In any judicial action for the recovery of costs, proof of the board's decision shall be conclusive proof of the validity of the order of payment and the terms for payment.
- (e)(1) Except as provided in paragraph (2), the board shall not renew or reinstate the license or approval of any person who has failed to pay all of the costs ordered under this section.
- (2) Notwithstanding paragraph (1), the board may, in its discretion, conditionally renew or reinstate for a maximum of one year the license or approval of any person who demonstrates financial hardship and who enters into a formal agreement with the board to reimburse the board within that one year period for those unpaid costs.
- (f) All costs recovered under this section shall be deposited in the Physical Therapy Fund as a reimbursement in either the fiscal year in which the costs are actually recovered or the previous fiscal year, as the board may direct.

9. Section 2630 of the Code states:

It is unlawful for any person or persons to practice, or offer to practice, physical therapy in this state for compensation received or expected, or to hold himself or herself out as a physical therapist, unless at the time of so doing the person holds a valid, unexpired, and unrevoked license issued under this chapter.

Nothing in this section shall restrict the activities authorized by their licenses on the part of any persons licensed under this code or any initiative act, or the activities authorized to be performed pursuant to Article 4.5 (commencing with Section 2655) or Chapter 7.7 (commencing with Section 3500).

A physical therapist licensed pursuant to this chapter may utilized the services of one aide engaged in patient-related tasks to assist the physical therapist in his or her practice of physical therapy. "Patient-related task" means a physical therapy service rendered directly to the patient by an aide, excluding non-patientrelated tasks. "Non-patient-related task" means a task related to observation of the patient, transport of the patient, physical support only during gait or transfer training, housekeeping duties, clerical duties, and similar functions. The aide shall at all times be under the orders, direction, and immediate supervision of the physical therapist. Nothing in this section shall authorize an aide to independently perform physical therapy or any physical therapy procedure. The board shall adopt regulations that set forth the standards and requirements for the orders, direction, and immediate supervision of an aide by a physical therapist. The physical therapist shall provide continuous and immediate supervision of the aide. The physical therapist shall be in the same facility as, and

in proximity to, the location where the aide is performing patient-related tasks, and shall be readily available at all times to provide advice or instruction to the aide. When patient-related tasks are provided to a patient by an aide, the supervising physical therapist shall, at some point during the treatment day, provide direct service to the patient as treatment for the patient's condition, or to further evaluate and monitor the patient's progress, and shall correspondingly document the patient's record.

The administration of massage, external baths, or normal exercise not a part of a physical therapy treatment shall not be prohibited by this section.

10. California Code of Regulations, title 16, section 1398.44, states:

A licensed physical therapist shall at all times be responsible for all physical therapy services provided by the physical therapist assistant. The supervising physical therapist has continuing responsibility to follow the progress of each patient, provide direct care to the patient and to assure that the physical therapist assistant does not function autonomously. Adequate supervision shall include all of the following:

- (a) The supervising physical therapist shall be readily available in person or by telecommunication to the physical therapist assistant at all times while the physical therapist assistant is treating patients. The supervising physical therapist shall provide periodic on site supervision and observation of the assigned patient care rendered by the physical therapist assistant.
- (b) The supervising physical therapist shall initially evaluate each patient and document in the patient record, along with his or her signature, the evaluation and when the patient is to be reevaluated.
- (c) The supervising physical therapist shall formulate and document in each patient's record, along with his or her signature, the treatment program goals and plan based upon the evaluation and any other information available to the supervising physical therapist. This information shall be communicated verbally, or in writing by the supervising physical therapist to the physical therapist assistant prior to initiation of treatment by the physical therapist assistant. The supervising physical therapist shall determine which elements of the treatment plan may be assigned to the physical therapist assistant. Assignment of these responsibilities must be commensurate with the qualifications, including experience, education and training, of the physical therapist assistant.
- (d) The supervising physical therapist shall reevaluate the patient as previously determined, or more often if necessary, and modify the treatment, goals and plan as needed. The reevaluation shall include treatment to the patient by the supervising physical therapist. The reevaluation shall be documented and signed by the supervising physical therapist in the

patient's record and shall reflect the patient's progress toward the treatment goals and when the next reevaluation shall be performed.

- (e) The physical therapist assistant shall document each treatment in the patient record, along with his or her signature. The physical therapist assistant shall document in the patient record and notify the supervising physical therapist of any change in the patient's condition not consistent with planned progress or treatment goals. The change in condition necessitates a reevaluation by a supervising physical therapist before further treatment by the physical therapist assistant.
- (f) Within seven (7) days of the care being provided by the physical therapist assistant, the supervising physical therapist shall review, cosign and date all documentation by the physical therapist assistant or conduct a weekly case conference and document it in the patient record. Cosigning by the supervising physical therapist indicates that the supervising physical therapist has read the documentation, and unless the supervising physical therapist indicates otherwise, he or she is in agreement with the contents of the documentation.
- (g) There shall be a regularly scheduled and documented case conference between the supervising physical therapist and physical therapist assistant regarding the patient. The frequency of the conferences is to be determined by the supervising physical therapist based on the needs of the patient, the supervisory needs of the physical therapist assistant and shall be at least every thirty calendar days.
- (h) The supervising physical therapist shall establish a discharge plan. At the time of discharge, or within 7 (seven) days thereafter, a supervising physical therapist shall document in the patient's record, along with his or her signature, the patient's response to treatment in the form of a reevaluation or discharge summary.

11. Section 810 of the Code states:

- (a) It shall constitute unprofessional conduct and grounds for disciplinary action, including suspension or revocation of a license or certificate, for a health care professional to do any of the following in connection with his or her professional activities:
- (1) Knowingly present or cause to be presented any false or fraudulent claim for the payment of a loss under a contract of insurance.
- (2) Knowingly prepare, make, or subscribe any writing, with intent to present or use the same, or to allow it to be presented or used in support of any false or fraudulent claim.
- (b) It shall constitute cause for revocation or suspension of a license or certificate for a health care professional to engage in

any conduct prohibited under Section 1871.4 of the Insurance Code or Section 550 of the Penal Code.

(c) (1) It shall constitute cause for automatic suspension of a license or certificate issued pursuant to Chapter 4 (commencing with Section 1600), Chapter 5 (commencing with Section 2000), Chapter 6.6 (commencing with Section 2900), Chapter 7 (commencing with Section 3000), or Chapter 9 (commencing with Section 4000), or pursuant to the Chiropractic Act or the Osteopathic Act, if a licensee or certificate holder has been convicted of any felony involving fraud committed by the licensee or certificate holder in conjunction with providing benefits covered by worker's compensation insurance, or has been convicted of any felony involving Medi-Cal fraud committed by the licensee or certificate holder in conjunction with the Medi-Cal program, including the Denti-Cal element of the Medi-Cal program, pursuant to Chapter 7 (commencing with Section 14000), or Chapter 8 (commencing with Section 14200), of Part 3 of Division 9 of the Welfare and Institutions Code. The board shall convene a disciplinary hearing to determine whether or not the license or certificate shall be suspended, revoked, or some other disposition shall be considered, including, but not limited to, revocation with the opportunity to petition for reinstatement, suspension, or other limitations on the license or certificate as the board deems appropriate.

- (2) It shall constitute cause for automatic suspension and for revocation of a license or certificate issued pursuant to Chapter 4 (commencing with Section 1600), Chapter 5 (commencing with Section 2000), Chapter 6.6 (commencing with Section 2900), Chapter 7 (commencing with Section 3000), or Chapter 9 (commencing with Section 4000), or pursuant to the Chiropractic Act or the Osteopathic Act, if a licensee or certificate holder has more than one conviction of any felony arising out of separate prosecutions involving fraud committed by the licensee or certificate holder in conjunction with providing benefits covered by worker's compensation insurance, or in conjunction with the Medi-Cal program, including the Denti-Cal element of the Medi-Cal program pursuant to Chapter 7 (commencing with Section 14000), or Chapter 8 (commencing with Section 14200), of Part 3 of Division 9 of the Welfare and Institutions Code. The board shall convene a disciplinary hearing to revoke the license or certificate and an order of revocation shall be issued unless the board finds mitigating circumstances to order some other disposition.
- (3) It is the intent of the Legislature that paragraph (2) apply to a licensee or certificate holder who has one or more convictions prior to January 1, 2004, as provided in this subdivision.
- (4) Nothing in this subdivision shall preclude a board from suspending or revoking a license or certificate pursuant to any other provision of law.

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1	(5) "Board," as used in this subdivision, means
2	the Dental Board of California, the Medical Board of California, the Board of Psychology, the State Board of Optometry, the
3	California State Board of Pharmacy, the Osteopathic Medical Board of California, and the State Board of Chiropractic
	Examiners.
4	(6) "More than one conviction," as used in this
5	subdivision, means that the licensee or certificate holder has one or
6	more convictions prior to January 1, 2004, and at least one conviction on or after that date, or the licensee or certificate holder
7	has two or more convictions on or after January 1, 2004. However, a licensee or certificate holder who has one or more convictions
	prior to January 1, 2004, but who has no convictions and is
8	currently licensed or holds a certificate after that date, does not have "more than one conviction" for the purposes of this
9	subdivision.
10	(d) As used in this section, health care professional
11	means any person licensed or certified pursuant to this division, or licensed pursuant to the Osteopathic Initiative Act, or the
12	Chiropractic Initiative Act.
	FIRST CAUSE FOR DISCIPLINE
13	Patient P.C. (Unlawful Practice of Physical Therapy)
14	[Bus. & Prof. Code §§ 2630, 2660(i)]
15	12. Respondent is subject to disciplinary action under sections 2630 and
16	2660(i) of the Code in that she practiced physical therapy without a license and beyond the scope
17	of her physical therapy assistant license. The circumstances are as follows:
18	13. On or about February 24, 2000, P.C. was assessed by a physician and
19	prescribed physical therapy services including therapeutic swimming pool services for P.C.'s left
20	knee.
21	14. From at least May 1999 through December 2000, Respondent was the
22	owner of Aquatic and Exercise and Rehab, Inc., in Sacramento, California, (hereinafter
23	"Aquatic") where she worked as a licensed physical therapy assistant and provided physical
24	therapy services to patients with the use of a swimming pool at Aquatic (pool therapy).
25	15. On or about March 8, 15, 27, and 29, 2000, Respondent, provided
26	
27	1. The full names of all patients referred to herein will be made available to Respondent
28	upon a timely request for discovery.

1	physical therapy services to patient P.C. without an assessment of the patient by a licensed
2	physical therapist.
3	16. On or about March 8, 15, 27, and 29, 2000, Respondent, independently,
4	autonomously, and without the supervision of a licensed physical therapist, provided physical
5	therapy services to patient P.C.
6	17. Respondent's conduct as set forth in paragraphs 13 and 14, above,
7	constitutes the unlawful practice of physical therapy within the meaning of section 2630 of the
8	Code and conduct subject to discipline within the meaning of Code section 2660(i).
9 10	SECOND CAUSE FOR DISCIPLINE Patient P.C. (Gross Negligence)
11	[Bus. & Prof. Code § 2660(h)]
12	18. Complainant incorporates by reference paragraphs 13, 14, 15 and 16,
13	above, as if fully set forth at this point.
14	19. Respondent's conduct as set forth in paragraphs 13, 14 15 and 16, above,
15	constitutes gross negligence within the meaning of section 2660(h) of the Code and is subject to
16	discipline.
17	THIRD CAUSE FOR DISCIPLINE
18	Patient L.A. (Unlawful Practice of Physical Therapy)
19	[Bus. & Prof. Code §§ 2630, 2660(i)]
20	20. Respondent is subject to disciplinary action under sections 2630 and
21	2660(i) of the Code in that she practiced physical therapy without a license and beyond the scope
22	of her physical therapy assistant license. The circumstances are as follows:
23	21. On or about May 26, 1999, Respondent began providing physical therapy
24	services to patient L.A., through the use of a swimming pool at Aquatic, under the supervision of
25	Lise Oberth, a licensed physical therapist. William Slavensky, a chiropractor, had prescribed the
26	physical therapy services for L.A.
27	22. In a status report dated September 29, 1999, Respondent wrote to the
28	chiropractor, Dr. Slavensky, informing him of L.A.'s status in physical therapy as well as

1	assessment information including the patient's irritability level. The status letter and the
2	patient's assessment information that Respondent provided to the chiropractor required the
3	supervising physical therapist's input and approval which Respondent did not obtain.
4	23. Respondent's conduct as set forth in paragraphs 16 and 17, above,
5	constitutes the unlawful practice of physical therapy within the meaning of section 2630 of the
6	Code and conduct subject to discipline within the meaning of Code section 2660(i).
7	FOURTH CAUSE FOR DISCIPLINE Patient L.A.
8	(Gross Negligence) [Bus. & Prof. Code § 2660(h)]
10	24. Complainant incorporates by reference paragraphs 21 and 22, above, as if
11	fully set forth at this point.
12	25. Respondent's conduct as set forth in paragraphs 21 and 22, above,
13	constitutes gross negligence within the meaning of section 2660(h) of the Code and is therefore
14	subject to discipline.
15	FIFTH CAUSE FOR DISCIPLINE
16 17	Patient C.C. (Unlawful Practice of Physical Therapy) [Bus. & Prof. Code §§ 2630, 2660(i)]
18	26. Respondent is subject to disciplinary action under sections 2630 and
19	2660(i) of the Code in that she practiced physical therapy without a license and beyond the scope
20	of her physical therapy assistant license. The circumstances are as follows:
21	27. In 1999, Respondent began providing physical therapy services to C.C.,
22	through the use of a swimming pool at Aquatic. Most of the physical therapy services
23	Respondent provided were under the supervision of a licensed physical therapist who was located
24	at a different establishment.
25	28. In February 2000, Respondent was providing physical therapy services to
26	patient C.C. at Aquatic, under the supervision of Robin Wham, a licensed physical therapist who
27	worked out of Ms. Wham's place of business, Capital Physical Therapy in Sacramento,
28	California. C.C. was receiving physical therapy services for a back problem and back pain.

1	29. On February 22, 2000, Respondent noted in C.C.'s chart that the patient
2	had slipped in the yard, fell, and had a big bruise on the right medial knee. Respondent also
3	noted in the patient's chart that the bruised knee seemed to tolerate well the physical therapy
4	services Respondent provided. Before providing physical thempy services to C.C. on
5	February 22, 2000, Respondent should have first informed her supervising physical therapist,
6	Ms. Wham, of C.C.'s injured right knee to allow Ms Wham the opportunity to assess and/or
7	determine whether the physical therapy services to the patient should be modified. Respondent
8	failed to so inform Ms. Wham.
9	30. Respondent charted that the patient's bruised knee tolerated well the
10	physical therapy services Respondent had provided on February 22, 2000. This constitutes an
11	assessment which Respondent is not licensed to perform.
12	31. Respondent's conduct as set forth in paragraphs 23, 24 and 25, above,
13	constitutes the unlawful practice of physical therapy within the meaning of section 2630 of the
14	Code and is therefore conduct subject to discipline within the meaning of Code section 2660(i).
15	SIXTH CAUSE FOR DISCIPLINE Patient C.C.
16	(Gross Negligence) [Bus. & Prof. Code § 2660(h)]
17	[Bus. & 1101. Code § 2000(11)]
18	32. Complainant incorporates by reference paragraphs 27, 28, 29, and 30,
19	above, as if fully set forth at this point.
20	33. Respondent's conduct as set forth in paragraphs 27, 28, 29 and 30, above,
21	constitutes gross negligence within the meaning of section 2660(h) of the Code and is subject to
22	discipline.
23	SEVENTH CAUSE FOR DISCIPLINE Patient C.S.
24	(Unlawful Practice of Physical Therapy) [Bus. & Prof. Code §§ 2630, 2660(i)]
25	[Bus. & 1101. Code 38 2000(1)]
26	34. Respondent is subject to disciplinary action under sections 2630 and
27	2660(i) of the Code in that she practiced physical therapy without a license and beyond the scope
28	of her physical therapy assistant license. The circumstances are as follows:

1	35. In October 1999, Respondent was providing physical therapy services to
2	patient C.S. at Aquatic, under the supervision of Stacey O'Brien, a licensed physical therapist
3	who was employed by, and worked at Alliance West, in Sacramento, California. C.S. was
4	receiving physical therapy for a back sprain and back pain.
5	36. On October 18, 1999, Respondent noted in C.S.'s chart that the patient
6	was very sore, fell on oil and slipped, and shoulder still numb. On the above date, Respondent,
7	without first informing her supervising physical therapist of the patient's injury, provided
8	physical therapy services to C.S. Before providing physical therapy services to C.S. on
9	October 18, 1999, Respondent should have first informed her supervising physical therapist,
10	Ms. O'Brien, of C.S.'s injured shoulder to allow Ms. O'Brien the opportunity to assess and/or
11	determine whether the physical therapy services to the patient should be modified. Respondent
12	failed to so inform Ms. O'Brien.
13	37. Respondent's conduct as set forth in paragraphs 33 and 34, above,
14	constitutes the unlawful practice of physical therapy within the meaning of section 2630 of the
15	Code and therefore the conduct is subject to discipline within the meaning of Code section
16	2660(i).
17	EIGHTH CAUSE FOR DISCIPLINE Patient C.S.
18	(Gross Negligence)
19	[Bus. & Prof. Code § 2660(h)]
20	38. Complainant incorporates by reference paragraphs 35 and 36, above, as if
21	fully set forth at this point.
22	39. Respondent's conduct as set forth in paragraphs 35 and 36, above,
23	constitutes gross negligence within the meaning of section 2660(h) of the Code and is subject to
24	discipline.
25	NINTH CAUSE FOR DISCIPLINE
26	Patient C.S. (Unlawful Practice of Physical Therapy)
27	[Bus. & Prof. Code §§ 2630, 2660(i)]
28	40. Respondent is subject to disciplinary action under sections 2630 and

1	2660(i) of the Code in that she practiced physical therapy without a license and beyond the scope
2	of her physical therapy assistant license. The circumstances are as follows:
3	41. In October 1999, Respondent was providing physical therapy services to
4	patient C.S. at Aquatic, under the supervision of Stacey O'Brien, a licensed physical therapist
5	who was employed by, and worked at Alliance West, in Sacramento, California. C.S. was
6	receiving physical therapy for a back sprain and back pain.
7	42. In a status report dated November 15, 1999, Respondent wrote C.S.'s
8	physician, Daniel Dunlevy, M.D., informing him of C.S.'s status in physical therapy as well as
9	assessment information including the patient's irritability level. The status letter and the
10	patient's assessment information that Respondent provided to the physician required the
11	supervising physical therapist's input and approval which Respondent did not obtain.
12	43. Respondent's conduct as set forth in paragraphs 37 and 38, above,
13	constitutes the unlawful practice of physical therapy within the meaning of section 2630 of the
14	Code and therefore the conduct is subject to discipline within the meaning of Code section
15	2660(i).
16	TENTH CAUSE FOR DISCIPLINE Patient C.S.
17	(Gross Negligence) [Bus. & Prof. Code § 2660(h)]
18	[Bus. & Hon. Code § 2000(II)]
19	44. Complainant incorporates by reference paragraphs 41 and 42, above, as if
20	fully set forth at this point.
21	45. Respondent's conduct as set forth in paragraphs 41 and 42, above,
22	constitutes gross negligence within the meaning of section 2660(h) of the Code and is subject to
23	discipline.
2425	ELEVENTH CAUSE FOR DISCIPLINE (Unprofessional Conduct) [Bus. & Prof. Code § 2660(h)]
26	46. In May 2000, Respondent employed Stacy O'Brien, a licensed physical
27	therapist, to work as a physical therapist at Aquatic. Ms. O'Brien's duties at Aquatic included
28	supervising Respondent's work as a licensed physical therapy assistant.

1	47. From on or about June 1, 2000, through on or about July 28, , 2000,
2	Respondent, while under the supervision of her employee, Stacy O'Brien, provided physical
3	therapy services to patient C.H., at Aquatic, on approximately 6 occasions. Respondent's
4	provision of physical therapy services to C.H., while under the supervision of her employee,
5	Stacy O'Brien, constitutes a conflict of interest.
6	48. From on or about June 1, 2000, through on or about November 27, 2000,
7	Respondent, while under the supervision of her employee, Stacy O'Brien, provided physical
8	therapy services to patient M.L., at Aquatic, on approximately 16 occasions. Respondent's
9	provision of physical therapy services to M.L., while under the supervision of her employee,
10	Stacy O'Brien, constitutes a conflict of interest.
11	49. Respondent's conduct as set forth in paragraphs 47 and 48, above,
12	constitutes unprofessional conduct within the meaning of section 2660 of the Code and therefore
13	the conduct is subject to discipline.
14	TWELFTH CAUSE FOR DISCIPLINE
15	(Repeated Negligent Acts) [Bus. & Prof. Code §2234(c)]
16	50. Complainant incorporates by reference paragraphs 13, 14, 15, 16, 21, 22,
17	27, 28, 29, 30, 35, 36, 41 and 42, as if fully set forth at this point.
18	51. Respondent's conduct as set forth in paragraphs 13, 14, 15, 16, 21, 22, 27,
19	28, 29, 30, 35, 36, 41 and 42, above, and any combination thereof, constitutes repeated negligent
20	acts within the meaning of section 2234 (c) of the Code and therefore subject to discipline.
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22	<u>PRAYER</u>
23	WHEREFORE, Complainant requests that a hearing be held on the matters herein
24	alleged, and that following the hearing, the Physical Therapy Board of California issue a
25	decision:
26	1. Revoking or suspending Physical Therapy Assistant Number AT 2054,
27	issued to Mary L. Tresler;

1	2. Ordering Mary L. Tresler to pay the Physical Therapy Board of California
2	the reasonable costs of the investigation and enforcement of this case, pursuant to Business and
3	Professions Code section 2661.5; and
4	3. Taking such other and further action as deemed necessary and proper.
5	
6	DATED: <u>August 13, 2004</u>
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9	<u>Original Signed By:</u> STEVEN K. HARTZELL
10	Executive Officer Physical Therapy Board of California
11	Department of Consumer Affairs State of California
12	Complainant
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14	Tresler's First Amended Accusation.wpd
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